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CANADA SCHOOL OF PUBLIC SERVICE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

For the year ended March 31, 2018



Statement of Management Responsibility Including Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Responsibility for the integrity and objectivity of the accompanying financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018, and all information contained in these statements rests with the management of the Canada School of Public Service (the School). These financial statements have been prepared by management using the Government's accounting policies, which are based on Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Management is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of the information in these financial statements. Some of the information in the financial statements is based on management's best estimates and judgement and gives due consideration to materiality. To fulfill its accounting and reporting responsibilities, management maintains a set of accounts that provides a centralized record of the School's financial transactions. Financial information submitted in the preparation of the Public Accounts of Canada and included in the School's Departmental Results Report is consistent with these financial statements.

Management is also responsible for maintaining an effective system of internal control over financial reporting (ICFR) designed to provide reasonable assurance that financial information is reliable, that assets are safeguarded and that transactions are properly authorized and recorded in accordance with the Financial Administration Act, the Canada School of Public Service Act and other applicable legislation, regulations, authorities and policies.

Management seeks to ensure the objectivity and integrity of data in its financial statements through careful selection, training and development of qualified staff; through organizational arrangements that provide appropriate divisions of responsibility; through communication programs aimed at ensuring that regulations, policies, standards, and managerial authorities are understood throughout the School and through conducting an annual risk-based assessment of the effectiveness of the system of ICFR.

The system of ICFR is designed to mitigate risks to a reasonable level based on an ongoing process to identify key risks, to assess effectiveness of associated key controls and to make any necessary adjustments.

The School is subject to periodic Core Control Audits performed by the Office of the Comptroller General (OCG) and uses the results of such audits to comply with the Treasury Board Policy on Financial Management.

A Core Control Audit was performed in 2014–2015 by the OCG. <u>The Audit Report</u> and related <u>Management</u> Action Plan are posted on the School's website.

The financial statements of the School have not been audited.

Taki Sarantakis Geofredo Garay

President A/Vice-President, Corporate Services Branch

and Chief Financial Officer

September 4, 2018 August 29, 2018 Ottawa, Canada Ottawa, Canada

CANADA SCHOOL OF PUBLIC SERVICE

Statement of Financial Position (Unaudited)

As at March 31

(in thousands of dollars)	2018	2017 Restated (Note 10)
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 4)	8,370	9,813
Vacation pay and compensatory leave	3,177	2,918
Employee future benefits (note 5)	2,972	2,757
Other liabilities	1	1
Total liabilities	14,520	15,489
Financial assets		
Due from the Consolidated Revenue Fund	6,344	8,594
Accounts receivable and advances (note 6)	4,012	2,390
Total gross financial assets	10,356	10,984
Financial assets held on behalf of Government		
Accounts receivable and advances (note 6)	(1,288)	(804)
Total financial assets held on behalf of Government	(1,288)	(804)
Total net financial assets	9,068	10,180
Departmental net debt	5,452	5,309
Non-financial assets		
Prepaid expenses	104	72
Tangible capital assets (note 7)	5,436	4,856
Total non-financial assets	5,540	4,928
Departmental net financial position	88	(381)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Taki Sarantakis Geofredo Garay

President A/Vice-President, Corporate Services Branch

and Chief Financial Officer

September 4, 2018 August 29, 2018 Ottawa, Canada Ottawa, Canada

Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position (Unaudited)

For the year ended March 31

(in thousands of dollars)	Planned Results 2018	2018	2017 Restated (Note 10)
Expenses			
Learning Services	69,214	64,633	70,368
Internal Services	22,399	24,013	25,092
Total expenses	91,613	88,646	95,460
Revenues			
Sales of goods and services	6,068	9,740	7,973
Other revenues	-	5	5
Total revenues	6,068	9,745	7,978
Net cost of operations before government funding and transfers	85,545	78,901	87,482
Government funding and transfers			
Net cash provided by Government		67,459	77,146
Change in due from Consolidated Revenue Fund		(2,250)	(3,687)
Services provided without charge by other government departments (note 8)		14,161	13,991
Net cost (revenue) of operations after government funding and transfers		(469)	32
Departmental net financial position - Beginning of year		(381)	(349)
Departmental net financial position - End of year		88	(381)

Segmented information (note 9)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Statement of Change in Departmental Net Debt (Unaudited)

For the year ended March 31

		2017
(in thousands of dollars)	2018	Restated (Note 10)
Net cost of operations after government funding and transfers	(469)	32
Change due to tangible capital assets		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	1,807	835
Amortization of tangible capital assets (note 7)	(1,227)	(1,109)
Net gain on disposal of tangible capital assets including adjustments	-	1
Total change due to tangible capital assets	580	(273)
Change due to prepaid expenses	32	14
Net increase (decrease) in departmental net debt	143	(227)
Departmental net debt - Beginning of year	5,309	5,536
Departmental net debt - End of year	5,452	5,309

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

For the year ended March 31

·		2017
(in thousands of dollars)	2018	Restated (Note 10)
Operating activities		
Net cost of operations before government funding and transfers	78,901	87,482
Non-cash items:		
Amortization of tangible capital assets (note 7)	(1,227)	(1,109)
Tangible capital assets - Adjustment	-	1
Services provided without charge by other government departments (note 8)	(14,161)	(13,991)
Variations in Statement of Financial Position:		
Increase in accounts receivable and accountable advances	1,138	615
Increase in prepaid expenses	32	14
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,442	2,671
Increase in vacation pay and compensatory leave	(258)	(372)
Decrease (increase) in employee future benefits	(215)	1,000
Cash used in operating activities	65,652	76,311
Capital investing activities		
Acquisitions of tangible capital assets (note 7)	1,807	835
Cash used in capital investing activities	1,807	835
Net cash provided by Government of Canada	67,459	77,146

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

For the year ended March 31

1. Authority and objectives

On April 1, 2004, amendments to the Canadian Centre for Management Development Act were proclaimed and the organization was renamed the Canada School of Public Service (the School). The amended legislation, now entitled the Canada School of Public Service Act, continues and expands the mandate of the former organization as a departmental corporation. The School reports to the President of the Treasury Board and Minister of Digital Government.

The School has a single strategic outcome: "Federal public service employees have the common knowledge, skills and competencies to fulfill their responsibilities in serving Canadians". One program supports this strategic outcome: Learning Services.

The School was created to ensure that employees of its client departments in the core federal public administration have the required competencies and common knowledge to serve Canadians in the most efficient and effective way possible. To achieve this goal, the School continues to offer a strong, consistent curriculum that focuses on the key skills and knowledge required by a dynamic public service that must constantly adapt to the needs of its stakeholders and Canadians.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared using the School's accounting policies stated below, which are based on Canadian public sector accounting standards. The presentation and results using the stated accounting policies do not result in any significant differences from Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Significant accounting policies are as follows:

(a) Parliamentary authorities

The School is financed primarily by the Government of Canada through parliamentary authorities. Financial reporting of authorities provided to the School do not parallel financial reporting according to generally accepted accounting principles since authorities are primarily based on cash flow requirements. Consequently, items recognized in the Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position and in the Statement of Financial Position are not necessarily the same as those provided through authorities from Parliament. Note 3 provides a reconciliation between the bases of reporting. The planned results amounts in the "Expenses" and "Revenues" sections of the Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Positions are the amounts reported in the Future-Oriented Statement of Operations included in the 2017-18 Departmental Plan. Planned results are not presented in the "Government funding and transfers" section of the Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position and in the Statement of Change in Departmental Net Debt because these amounts were not included in the 2017-18 Departmental Plan.

For the year ended March 31

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

(b) Net cash provided by Government

The School operates within the Consolidated Revenue Fund (CRF), which is administered by the Receiver General for Canada. All cash received by the School is deposited to the CRF, and all cash disbursements made by the School are paid from the CRF. The net cash provided by Government is the difference between all cash receipts and all cash disbursements, including transactions between departments of the Government.

(c) Due from or to the CRF

Amounts due from or to the CRF are the result of timing differences at year-end between when a transaction affects authorities and when it is processed through the CRF. Amounts due from the CRF represent the net amount of cash that the School is entitled to draw from the CRF without further authorities to discharge its liabilities.

(d) Revenues

Revenues are accounted for in the period in which the underlying transaction or event occurred that gave rise to the revenues.

(e) Expenses

Expenses are recorded on the accrual basis:

- ✓ Vacation pay and compensatory leave are accrued as the benefits are earned by employees under their respective terms of employment.
- ✓ Services provided without charge by other government departments for accommodation and employer contributions to the health and dental insurance plans are recorded as operating expenses at their estimated cost.

(f) Employee future benefits

- ✓ **Pension benefits:** Eligible employees participate in the Public Service Pension Plan, a multiemployer pension plan administered by the Government of Canada. The School's contributions to the Plan are charged to expenses in the year incurred and represent the total departmental obligation to the Plan. The School's responsibility with regard to the Plan is limited to its contributions. Actuarial surpluses or deficiencies are recognized in the financial statements of the Government of Canada, as the Plan's sponsor.
- ✓ Severance benefits: The accumulation of severance benefits for voluntary departures ceased for applicable employees groups. The remaining obligation for employees who did not withdraw benefits is calculated using information derived from the results of the actuarially determined liability for employee severance benefits for the Government as a whole.

For the year ended March 31

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

(g) Accounts receivable and advances

Accounts receivable and advances are stated at the lower of cost or net recoverable value. A valuation allowance is recorded for receivables where recovery is considered uncertain.

(h) Tangible capital assets

All tangible capital assets and leasehold improvements having an initial cost of \$5,000 or more are recorded at their acquisition cost. The School does not capitalize intangible assets.

Amortization of tangible capital assets is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows:

Asset class	Amortization period
Machinery and Equipment	5-10 years
Other Equipment (including furniture)	5-12 years
Informatics Hardware	3-5 years
Software (including developed software)	3-5 years
Leasehold Improvements	Over the useful life of the improvement or the
	lease term, whichever is shorter

Assets under construction are recorded in the applicable capital asset class and amortized when they become available for use.

(i) Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes at March 31. At the time of preparation of these statements, management believes the estimates and assumptions to be reasonable. The most significant items where estimates are used are the allowance for doubtful accounts, the liability for employee future benefits and the useful life of tangible capital assets. Actual results could significantly differ from those estimated. Management's estimates are reviewed periodically, and as adjustments become necessary, they are recorded in the financial statements in the year they become known.

For the year ended March 31

3. Parliamentary authorities

The School receives most of its funding through annual parliamentary authorities. Items recognized in the Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position and the Statement of Financial Position in a given year may be funded through parliamentary authorities in prior, current or future years. Accordingly, the School has different net results of operations for the year on a government funding basis than on an accrual accounting basis. The differences are reconciled in the following tables:

(a) Reconciliation of net cost of operations to current year authorities used

(in thousands of dollars)	2018	2017
Net cost of operations before government funding and transfers	78,901	87,482
Adjustments for items affecting net cost of operations but not affecting		
authorities:	0.745	7.079
Revenues	9,745	7,978
Services provided without charge by other government departments	(14,161)	(13,991)
Decrease in employee future benefits	(215)	1,000
Amortization of tangible capital assets	(1,227)	(1,109)
Prior year adjustments	225	975
Provisions for vacation pay and compensatory leave	(258)	(372)
Other	53	(28)
Total adjustments for items affecting net cost of operations but not affecting authorities	(5,838)	(5,547)
Adjustments for items not affecting net cost of operations but affecting authorities:		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets (note 7)	1,807	835
Increase in prepaid expense	32	14
Salary overpayments	1,388	_
Total adjustments for items not affecting net cost of operations but affecting authorities	3,227	849
Current year authorities used	76,290	82,784

For the year ended March 31

3. Parliamentary authorities (Continued)

(b) Authorities provided and used

(in thousands of dollars)	2018	2017
Authorities provided:		
Vote 1 - Program expenditures	68,248	71,454
Less:		
Lapsed authorities	(1,058)	(2,992)
Total authorities used	67,190	68,462
Statutory authorities:		
Spending of revenues pursuant to subsection 18(2) of the Canada School of Public		
Service Act	2,646	7,297
Contributions to employee benefits plan	6,454	7,021
Spending of proceeds from the disposal of surplus Crown assets	-	4
Total statutory authorities used	9,100	14,322
Current year authorities used	76,290	82,784

CANADA SCHOOL OF PUBLIC SERVICE

4. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

The following table presents details of the School's accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

(in thousands of dollars)	2018	2017
Accounts payable - Other government departments and agencies	2,722	982
Accounts payable - External parties	1,102	1,918
Total accounts payable	3,824	2,900
Accrued liabilities	4,546	6,913
Total accounts payable and accrued liabilities	8,370	9,813

For the year ended March 31

5. Employee future benefits

(a) Pension benefits

The School's employees participate in the Public Service Pension Plan, which is sponsored and administered by the Government of Canada. Pension benefits accrue up to a maximum period of 35 years at a rate of 2% per year of pensionable service times the average of the best 5 consecutive years of earnings. The benefits are integrated with the Canada/Québec Pension Plan benefits, and they are indexed to inflation.

Both the employees and the School contribute to the cost of the Plan. Due to the amendment of the Public Service Superannuation Act following the implementation of provisions related to Economic Action Plan 2012, employee contributors have been divided into 2 groups. Group 1 consists of existing plan members as of December 31, 2012 and Group 2 consists of members joining the Plan as of January 1, 2013. Each group has a distinct contribution rate.

The 2017–2018 expense amounts to \$4.4 million (\$4.9 million in 2016–2017). For Group 1 members, the expense represents approximately 1.01 times (1.12 times in 2016–2017) the employee contributions and, for Group 2 members, it represents approximately 1.00 times (1.08 times in 2016–2017) the employee contributions.

The School's responsibility with regard to the Plan is limited to its contributions. Actuarial surpluses or deficiencies are recognized in the financial statements of the Government of Canada, as the Plan's sponsor.

(b) Severance benefits

Severance benefits provided to the School's employees were previously based on an employee's eligibility, years of service and salary at termination of employment. However, since 2011 the accumulation of severance benefits for voluntary departures progressively ceased for substantially all employees. Employees subject to these changes were given the option to be paid the full or partial value of benefits earned to date or collect the full or remaining value of benefits upon departure from the public service. By March 31, 2018, substantially all settlements for immediate cash-out were completed. Severance benefits are unfunded and, consequently, the outstanding obligation will be paid from future authorities.

The changes in the obligations during the year were as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)	2018	2017
Accrued benefit obligation, beginning of year	2,757	3,757
Expense for the year	1,253	(856)
Benefits paid during the year	(1,038)	(144)
Accrued benefit obligation - end of year	2,972	2,757

For the year ended March 31

6. Accounts receivable and advances

The following table presents details of the School's accounts receivable and advances balances.

		2017
(in thousands of dollars)	2018	Restated (Note 10)
Receivables - Other government departments and agencies	2,718	1,576
Receivables - External parties	1,300	877
Employee advances	2	
	4,020	2,453
Allowance for doubtful accounts on receivables from external parties	(8)	(63)
Gross accounts receivable	4,012	2,390
Accounts receivable held on behalf of Government	(1,288)	(804)
Net accounts receivable	2,724	1,586

For the year ended March 31

7. Tangible capital assets

	(in thousands of dollars)											
	Cost						Accumu	ılated amortizati	on		Net book value	
				Disposals					Disposals			
	Opening			and	Closing	Opening			and	Closing		
Capital asset class	balance	Acquisitions	Adjustments	write-offs	balance	balance	Amortization	Adjustments	write-offs	balance	2018	2017
Machinery and												
equipment	3,329	76	-	(148)	3,257	1.101	562	-	(148)	1,515	1,742	2,228
Other equipment (including furniture)	145	516	-	-	661	107	14	-	-	121	540	38
Informatics hardware	506	-	-	(7)	499	331	77	-	(7)	401	98	175
Software (including developed software)	10,543	-	-	-	10,543	9,291	407	-	-	9,698	845	1,252
Leasehold improvements	1,966	1,215	-	-	3,181	1,025	167	-	-	1,192	1,989	941
Assets under construction	222	-	_	-	222	-	_	_	-	-	222	222
Total	16,711	1,807		(155)	18,363	11,855	1,227	-	(155)	12,927	5,436	4,856

For the year ended March 31

8. Related party transactions

The School is related as a result of common ownership to all government departments, agencies, and Crown corporations. The School enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of business and on normal trade terms.

(a) Common services provided without charge by other government departments

During the year, the School received services without charge from certain common service organizations related to accommodation and the employer's contribution to the health and dental insurance plans. These services provided without charge have been recorded in the School's Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)	2018	2017
Accommodation	9,593	9,188
Employer's contribution to the health and dental insurance plans	4,568	4,803
Total common services provided without charge from other government departments	14,161	13,991

The Government has centralized some of its administrative activities for efficiency, cost-effectiveness and economic delivery of programs to the public. As a result, the Government uses central agencies and common service organizations so that one department performs services for all other departments and agencies without charge. The costs of these services, such as payroll and cheque issuance services provided by Public Services and Procurement Canada or IT services provided by Shared Services Canada, are not included in the School's Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position.

(b) Other transactions with related parties

(in thousands of dollars)	2018	2017
Expenses - Other Government departments and agencies	19,919	20,148
Revenues - Other Government departments and agencies	9,595	7,873

Expenses and revenues disclosed in (b) exclude common services provided without charge, which are already disclosed in (a).

For the year ended March 31

9. Segmented information

Presentation by segment is based on the School's Program Alignment Architecture. The presentation by segment is based on the same accounting policies as described in the summary of significant policies in note 2. The following table presents the expenses incurred and revenues generated for the main core responsibilities, by major object of expense and by major type of revenue. The segment results for the period are as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)	Learning Services	Internal Services	2018	2017
Operating expenses				
Salaries and employee benefits	44,430	16,465	60,895	62,465
Professional and special services	8,440	3,743	12,183	15,474
Rental of accommodation and equipment	7,371	2,919	10,290	11,240
Transportation and telecommunications	2,025	321	2,346	1,875
Utilities, materials and supplies	202	170	372	399
Small equipment and parts	375	162	537	817
Printing and publishing	388	126	514	635
Amortization of tangible capital assets	1,058	169	1,227	1,109
Repair and maintenance	344	3	347	1,421
Other operating expenses	-	(65)	(65)	25
Total expenses	64,633	24,013	88,646	95,460
Revenues				
Sales of goods and services	9,740	_	9,740	7,973
Other revenues	5	-	5	5
Total revenues	9,745	-	9,745	7,978
Net cost from continuing operations before government funding and transfers	54,888	24,013	78,901	87,482

For the year ended March 31

10. Restatement of 2016–2017 Financial Statements

The School decided to review its financial reporting methods related to assets. The review noted that accounts receivable due to salary overpayments should be classified as "Financial assets held on behalf of the Government." The change has been applied retroactively and comparative information for 2016–2017 has been restated.

The following table presents the effect of the prior year restated financial results:

	2017 As previously	Effect of the restatement	2017 Restated
(in thousands of dollars) Statement of Financial Position	stated		
		(904)	(004)
Financial assets held on behalf of government	-	(804)	(804)
Total net financial assets	10,984	(804)	10,180
Departmental net debt	4,505	804	5,309
Departmental net financial position	423	(804)	(381)
Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position			
Net cash provided by Government	77,950	(804)	77,146
Net cost (revenue) of operations after government funding and transfers	(772)	804	32
Departmental net financial position - end of the year	423	(804)	(381)
Statement of Change in Departmental Net Debt			
Net cost (revenue) of operations after government funding and transfers	(772)	804	32
Net increase (decrease) in departmental net debt	(1,031)	804	(227)
Departmental net financial position - end of the year	4,505	804	5,309
Statement of Cash Flows			
Increase in accounts receivable and accountable advances	1,419	(804)	615
Cash used in operating activities	77,115	(804)	76,311
Net cash provided by Government of Canada	77,950	(804)	77,146

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Notes to the Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the year ended March 31

11. Comparative information

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.