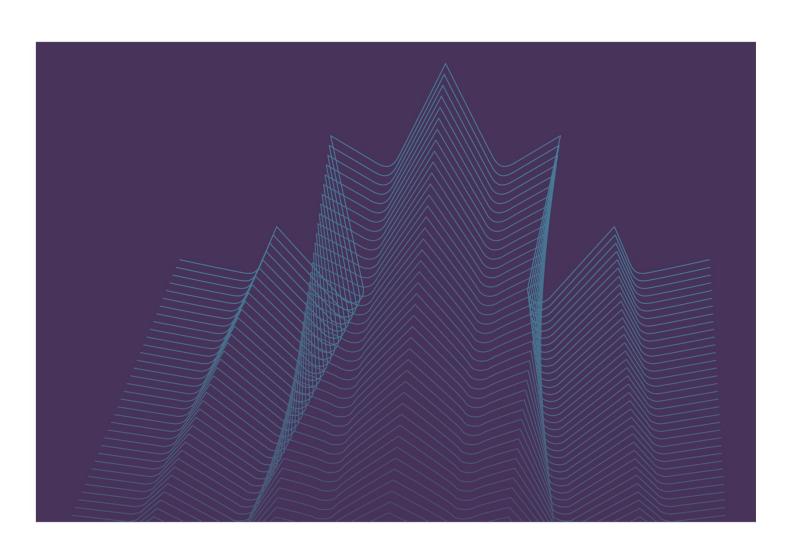




# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

For the year ended March 31, 2019





# Statement of Management Responsibility Including Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Responsibility for the integrity and objectivity of the accompanying financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019, and all information contained in these statements rests with the management of the Canada School of Public Service (the School). These financial statements have been prepared by management using the Government's accounting policies, which are based on Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Management is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of the information in these financial statements. Some of the information in the financial statements is based on management's best estimates and judgement and gives due consideration to materiality. To fulfill its accounting and reporting responsibilities, management maintains a set of accounts that provides a centralized record of the School's financial transactions. Financial information submitted in the preparation of the *Public Accounts of Canada* and included in the School's Departmental Results Report is consistent with these financial statements.

Management is also responsible for maintaining an effective system of internal control over financial reporting (ICFR) designed to provide reasonable assurance that financial information is reliable, that assets are safeguarded and that transactions are properly authorized and recorded in accordance with the *Financial Administration Act*, the *Canada School of Public Service Act* and other applicable legislation, regulations, authorities and policies.

Management seeks to ensure the objectivity and integrity of data in its financial statements through careful selection, training and development of qualified staff; through organizational arrangements that provide appropriate divisions of responsibility; through communication programs aimed at ensuring that regulations, policies, standards, and managerial authorities are understood throughout the School and through conducting an annual risk-based assessment of the effectiveness of the system of ICFR.

The system of ICFR is designed to mitigate risks to a reasonable level based on an ongoing process to identify key risks, to assess effectiveness of associated key controls and to make any necessary adjustments.

The School is subject to periodic Core Control Audits performed by the Office of the Comptroller General (OCG) and uses the results of such audits to comply with the Treasury Board *Policy on Financial Management*.

A Core Control Audit was performed in 2014–2015 by the OCG. <u>The Audit Report</u> and related <u>Management</u> Action Plan are posted on the School's Web site.

The financial statements of the School have not been audited.

Taki Sarantakis Tom Roberts

President A/Vice-President, Corporate Services Branch

and Chief Financial Officer

Date: Date:

Ottawa, Canada Ottawa, Canada

# Statement of Financial Position (Unaudited)

#### As at March 31

(2- 4b Jr. of J. H)	2019	2018
(in thousands of dollars)		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 4)	9,424	8,370
Vacation pay and compensatory leave	3,503	3,177
Employee future benefits (note 5)	2,599	2,972
Other liabilities	87	1
Total liabilities	15,613	14,520
Financial assets		
Due from the Consolidated Revenue Fund	9,054	6,344
Accounts receivable and advances (note 6)	2,826	4,012
Total gross financial assets	11,880	10,356
Financial assets held on behalf of Government		
Accounts receivable and advances (note 6)	(1,902)	(1,288)
Total financial assets held on behalf of Government	(1,902)	(1,288)
Total net financial assets	9,978	9,068
Departmental net debt	5,635	5,452
Non-financial assets		
Prepaid expenses	461	104
Tangible capital assets (note 7)	8,255	5,436
Total non-financial assets	8,716	5,540
Departmental net financial position	3,081	88

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Taki Sarantakis A / Tom Roberts

President Vice-President, Corporate Services Branch

and Chief Financial Officer

Date: Date:

Ottawa, Canada Ottawa, Canada

# Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position (Unaudited)

#### For the year ended March 31

(in thousands of dollars)	Planned Results 2019	2019	2018
Expenses			
Learning Services	69,217	72,080	64,633
Internal Services	23,187	23,069	24,013
Total expenses	92,404	95,149	88,646
Revenues			
Sales of Goods and Services	9,045	6,424	9,740
Other Revenues	-	2	5
Total revenues	9,045	6,426	9,745
Net cost of operations before government funding and transfers	83,359	88,723	78,901
Government funding and transfers			
Net cash provided by Government		75,398	67,459
Change in due from Consolidated Revenue Fund		2,710	(2,250)
Services provided without charge by other government departments (note 8)		13,624	14,161
Transfer of assets to other government departments		(16)	-
Net cost (revenue) of operations after government funding and transfers		(2,993)	(469)
Departmental net financial position - Beginning of year		88	(381)
Departmental net financial position - End of year		3,081	88

Segmented information (note 9)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

# Statement of Change in Departmental Net Debt (Unaudited)

#### For the year ended March 31

(in thousands of dollars)	2019	2018
Net cost of operations after government funding and transfers	(2,993)	(469)
Change due to tangible capital assets		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets (note 7)	4,344	1,807
Amortization of tangible capital assets (note 7)	(1,525)	(1,227)
Total change due to tangible capital assets	2,819	580
Change due to prepaid expenses	357	32
Net increase (decrease) in departmental net debt	183	143
Departmental net debt - Beginning of year	5,452	5,309
Departmental net debt - End of year	5,635	5,452

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

# Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

## For the year ended March 31

	2019	2018
(in thousands of dollars)		
Operating activities		
Net cost of operations before government funding and transfers	88,723	78,901
Non-cash items:		
Amortization of tangible capital assets (note 7)	(1,525)	(1,227)
Services provided without charge by other government departments (note 8)	(13,624)	(14,161)
Variations in Statement of Financial Position:		
Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable and accountable advances	(1,798)	1,138
Increase (decrease) in prepaid expenses	357	32
Decrease (increase) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,054)	1,442
Decrease (increase) in vacation pay and compensatory leave	(326)	(258)
Decrease (increase) in employee future benefits	373	(215)
Decrease (increase) in other liabilities	(86)	-
Transfer of assets to other government departments	16	_
Cash used in operating activities	71,056	65,652
Capital investing activities		
Acquisitions of tangible capital assets (note 7)	4,344	1,807
Proceeds from disposal of assets	(2)	-
Cash used in capital investing activities	4,342	1,807
Net cash provided by Government of Canada	75,398	67,459

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

For the year ended March 31

#### 1. Authority and objectives

On April 1, 2004, amendments to the *Canadian Centre for Management Development Act* were proclaimed and the organization was renamed the Canada School of Public Service (the School). The amended legislation, now entitled the *Canada School of Public Service Act*, continues and expands the mandate of the former organization as a departmental corporation. The School reports to the President of the Treasury Board and Minister of Digital Government.

The School has a single strategic outcome: "Federal public service employees have the common knowledge, skills and competencies to fulfill their responsibilities in serving Canadians". One program supports this strategic outcome: Learning Services.

The School was created to ensure that all employees of the Public Service of Canada have the required competencies and common knowledge to serve Canadians in the most efficient and effective way possible. To achieve this goal, the School continues to offer a strong, consistent curriculum that focuses on the key skills and knowledge required by a dynamic public service that must constantly adapt to the needs of its stakeholders and Canadians.

## 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared using the School's accounting policies stated below, which are based on Canadian public sector accounting standards. The presentation and results using the stated accounting policies do not result in any significant differences from Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Significant accounting policies are as follows:

#### (a) Parliamentary authorities

The School is financed primarily by the Government of Canada through parliamentary authorities. Financial reporting of authorities provided to the School do not parallel financial reporting according to generally accepted accounting principles since authorities are primarily based on cash flow requirements. Consequently, items recognized in the Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position and in the Statement of Financial Position are not necessarily the same as those provided through authorities from Parliament. Note 3 provides a reconciliation between the bases of reporting. The planned results amounts in the "Expenses" and "Revenues" sections of the Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Positions are the amounts reported in the Future-oriented Statement of Operations included in the 2018-19 Departmental Plan. Planned results are not presented in the "Government funding and transfers" section of the Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position and in the Statement of Change in Departmental Net Debt because these amounts were not included in the 2018-19 Departmental Plan.

For the year ended March 31

## 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### (b) Net cash provided by Government

The School operates within the Consolidated Revenue Fund (CRF), which is administered by the Receiver General for Canada. All cash received by the School is deposited to the CRF, and all cash disbursements made by the School are paid from the CRF. The net cash provided by Government is the difference between all cash receipts and all cash disbursements, including transactions between departments of the Government.

#### (c) Due from or to the CRF

Amounts due from or to the CRF are the result of timing differences at year-end between when a transaction affects authorities and when it is processed through the CRF. Amounts due from the CRF represent the net amount of cash that the School is entitled to draw from the CRF without further authorities to discharge its liabilities.

#### (d) Revenues

Revenues are accounted for in the period in which the underlying transaction or event occurred that gave rise to the revenues.

#### (e) Expenses

Expenses are recorded on the accrual basis:

- ✓ Vacation pay and compensatory leave are accrued as the benefits are earned by employees under their respective terms of employment.
- ✓ Services provided without charge by other government departments for accommodation and employer contributions to the health and dental insurance plans are recorded as operating expenses at their estimated cost.

#### (f) Employee future benefits

- ✓ **Pension benefits:** Eligible employees participate in the Public Service Pension Plan, a multiemployer pension plan administered by the Government of Canada. The School's contributions to the Plan are charged to expenses in the year incurred and represent the total departmental obligation to the Plan. The School's responsibility with regard to the Plan is limited to its contributions. Actuarial surpluses or deficiencies are recognized in the financial statements of the Government of Canada, as the Plan's sponsor.
- ✓ Severance benefits: The accumulation of severance benefits for voluntary departures ceased for applicable employees groups. The remaining obligation for employees who did not withdraw benefits is calculated using information derived from the results of the actuarially determined liability for employee severance benefits for the Government as a whole.

For the year ended March 31

## 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### (g) Accounts receivable and advances

Accounts receivable and advances are stated at the lower of cost or net recoverable value. A valuation allowance is recorded for receivables where recovery is considered uncertain.

#### (h) Tangible capital assets

All tangible capital assets and leasehold improvements having an initial cost of \$5,000 or more are recorded at their acquisition cost. The School does not capitalize intangible assets.

Amortization of tangible capital assets is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows:

Asset class	Amortization period
Machinery and Equipment	5-10 years
Other Equipment (including furniture)	5-12 years
Informatics Hardware	3-5 years
Software (including developed software)	3-5 years
Leasehold Improvements	Over the useful life of the improvement or the
	lease term, whichever is shorter

Assets under construction are recorded in the applicable capital asset class and amortized when they become available for use.

#### (i) Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes at March 31. At the time of preparation of these statements, management believes the estimates and assumptions to be reasonable. The most significant items where estimates are used are the allowance for doubtful accounts, the liability for employee future benefits and the useful life of tangible capital assets. Actual results could significantly differ from those estimated. Management's estimates are reviewed periodically, and as adjustments become necessary, they are recorded in the financial statements in the year they become known.

For the year ended March 31

## 3. Parliamentary authorities

The School receives most of its funding through annual parliamentary authorities. Items recognized in the Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position and the Statement of Financial Position in one year may be funded through parliamentary authorities in prior, current or future years. Accordingly, the School has different net results of operations for the year on a government funding basis than on an accrual accounting basis. The differences are reconciled in the following tables:

#### (a) Reconciliation of net cost of operations to current year authorities used

(in thousands of dollars)	2019	2018
Net cost of operations before government funding and transfers	88,723	78,901
Adjustments for items affecting net cost of operations but not affecting authorities:		
Revenues	6,426	9,745
Services provided without charge by other government departments	(13,624)	(14,161)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	(1,525)	(1,227)
Decrease (increase) employee future benefits	373	(215)
Decrease (increase) provisions for vacation pay and compensatory leave	(326)	(258)
Prior year adjustments	80	225
Other	(63)	53
Total adjustments for items affecting net cost of operations but not affecting authorities	(8,659)	(5,838)
Adjustments for items not affecting net cost of operations but affecting authorities:		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets (note 7)	4,344	1,807
Increase in prepaid expense	357	32
Salary overpayments to recover	470	1,388
Total adjustments for items not affecting net cost of operations but affecting authorities	5,171	3,227
Current year authorities used	85,235	76,290

For the year ended March 31

## 3. Parliamentary authorities (Continued)

#### (b) Authorities provided and used

(in thousands of dollars)	2019	2018				
Authorities provided:						
Vote 1 - Program expenditures	68,286	68,248				
Less:						
Lapsed authorities	(828)	(1,058)				
Total authorities used	67,458	67,190				
Statutory authorities:						
Spending of revenues pursuant to subsection 18(2) of the Canada School of I	Public					
Service Act	9,740	2,646				
Contributions to employee benefits plan	8,031	6,454				
Spending of proceeds from the disposal of surplus Crown assets	6	-				
Total statutory authorities used	17,777	9,100				
Current year authorities used	85,235	76,290				

# 4. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

The following table presents details of the School's accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

(in thousands of dollars)	2019	2018
Accounts payable - Other government departments and agencies	1,377	2,722
Accounts payable - External parties	2,295	1,102
Total accounts payable	3,672	3,824
Accrued liabilities	5,752	4,546
Total accounts payable and accrued liabilities	9,424	8,370

For the year ended March 31

#### 5. Employee future benefits

#### (a) Pension benefits

The School's employees participate in the Public Service Pension Plan, which is sponsored and administered by the Government of Canada. Pension benefits accrue up to a maximum period of 35 years at a rate of 2 percent per year of pensionable service times the average of the best five consecutive years of earnings. The benefits are integrated with the Canada/Québec Pension Plan benefits, and they are indexed to inflation.

Both the employees and the School contribute to the cost of the Plan. Due to the amendment of the *Public Service Superannuation Act* following the implementation of provisions related to Economic Action Plan 2012, employee contributors have been divided into two groups – Group 1 consists of existing plan members as of December 31, 2012 and Group 2 consists of members joining the Plan as of January 1, 2013. Each group has a distinct contribution rate.

The 2018-19 expense amounts to \$5.6 million (\$4.4 million in 2017-18). For Group 1 members, the expense represents approximately 1.01 times (1.01 times in 2017-18) the employee contributions and, for Group 2 members, approximately 1.00 times (1.00 times in 2017-18) the employee contributions.

The School's responsibility with regard to the Plan is limited to its contributions. Actuarial surpluses or deficiencies are recognized in the financial statements of the Government of Canada, as the Plan's sponsor.

#### (b) Severance benefits

Severance benefits provided to the School's employees were previously based on an employee's eligibility, years of service and salary at termination of employment. However, since 2011 the accumulation of severance benefits for voluntary departures progressively ceased for substantially all employees. Employees subject to these changes were given the option to be paid the full or partial value of benefits earned to date or collect the full or remaining value of benefits upon departure from the public service. By March 31, 2018, substantially all settlements for immediate cash out were completed. Severance benefits are unfunded and, consequently, the outstanding obligation will be paid from future authorities.

The changes in the obligations during the year were as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)	2019	2018
Accrued benefit obligation, beginning of year	2,972	2,757
Expense for the year	208	1,253
Benefits paid during the year	(581)	(1,038)
Accrued benefit obligation - end of year	2,599	2,972

For the year ended March 31

## 6. Accounts receivable and advances

The following table presents details of the School's accounts receivable and advances balances

	2019	2018
(in thousands of dollars)		
Receivables - Other government departments and agencies	916	2,718
Receivables - External parties	1,912	1,300
Advances	5	2
	2,833	4,020
Allowance for doubtful accounts on receivables from external parties	(7)	(8)
Gross accounts receivable	2,826	4,012
Accounts receivable held on behalf of Government	(1,902)	(1,288)
Net accounts receivable	924	2,724

For the year ended March 31

# 7. Tangible capital assets

	(in thousands of dollars)											
			Cost				Accumu	ılated amortizati	on		Net book value	
				Disposals					Disposals			
	Opening			and	Closing	Opening			and	Closing		
Capital asset class	balance	Acquisitions	Adjustments	write-offs	balance	balance	Amortization	Adjustments	write-offs	balance	2019	2018
Machinery and												
equipment	3,257	357	-	-	3,614	1.515	573	-	-	2,088	1,526	1,742
Other equipment (including furniture)	661	456	-	-	1,117	121	64	-	-	185	932	540
Informatics hardware	499	2,522	-	-	3,021	401	184	-	-	585	2,436	98
Software (including developed software)	10,543	474	-	-	11,017	9,698	408	-	-	10,106	911	845
Leasehold improvements	3,181	757	-	-	3,938	1,192	296	-	-	1,488	2,450	1,989
Assets under construction	222	(222)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	222
Total	18,363	4,344	-	-	22,707	12,927	1,525	_	-	14,452	8,255	5,436

For the year ended March 31

#### 8. Related party transactions

The School is related as a result of common ownership to all government departments, agencies, and Crown corporations. The School enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of business and on normal trade terms.

#### (a) Common services provided without charge by other government departments

During the year, the School received services without charge from certain common service organizations related to accommodation and the employer's contribution to the health and dental insurance plans. These services provided without charge have been recorded in the School's Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)	2019	2018
Accommodation	8,733	9,593
Employer's contribution to the health and dental insurance plans	4,891	4,568
Total common services provided without charge from other government departments	13,624	14,161

The Government has centralized some of its administrative activities for efficiency, cost-effectiveness and economic delivery of programs to the public. As a result, the Government uses central agencies and common service organizations so that one department performs services for all other departments and agencies without charge. The costs of these services, such as payroll and cheque issuance services provided by Public Services and Procurement Canada, IT services provided by Shared Services Canada are not included in the School's Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position.

#### (b) Other transactions with related parties

(in thousands of dollars)	2019	2018
Expenses - Other Government departments and agencies	21,885	19,919
Revenues - Other Government departments and agencies	6,333	9,595

Expenses and revenues disclosed in (b) exclude common services provided without charge, which are already disclosed in (a).

For the year ended March 31

## 9. Segmented information

Presentation by segment is based on the School's Program Alignment Architecture. The presentation by segment is based on the same accounting policies as described in the Summary of significant policies in note 2. The following table presents the expenses incurred and revenues generated for the main core responsibilities, by major object of expense and by major type of revenue. The segment results for the period are as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)	Learning Services	Internal Services	2019	2018
Operating expenses				
Salaries and employee benefits	54,460	15,639	70,099	60,895
Professional and special services	9,386	3,658	13,071	12,183
Rental of accommodation and equipment	7,066	2,372	9,438	10,290
Transportation and telecommunications	2,054	312	2,366	2,346
Amortization of tangible capital assets	1,331	194	1,525	1,227
Printing and publishing	898	303	1,201	514
Small equipment and parts	424	237	661	537
Utilities, materials and supplies	252	112	337	372
Repair and maintenance	20	252	272	347
Other operating expenses	(3,811)	(10)	(3,821)	(65)
Total expenses	72,080	23,069	95,149	88,646
Revenues				
Sales of Goods and Services	6,424	-	6,424	9,740
Other Revenues	2	-	2	5
Total revenues	6,426	=	6,426	9,745
Net cost from continuing operations before government funding and transfers	65,654	23,069	88,723	78,901

# Notes to the Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the year ended March 31

## 10. Comparative information

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.